	1000
Printed Pages – 5	Roll No. ;
To applicate of	
The distance of Q	
251 m. determine on 17 am, white	320453(20)
	h Semester) Examination
A	pril-May 2021
and send of tailiger.	(New Scheme)
(Ci	ivil Engg. Branch)
	SURVEYING-II
Time A	Illowed: Three hours
Ma	ximum Marks: 80
Minin	num Pass Marks: 28
	each unit is compulsory. Attempt an part (b), (c) and (d).
	- UgisW 12 10 22 Wight
	Unit-I
1. (a) Define well-cor	nditioned triangle.

7

is determined.

(b) What do you mean by strength of figure? And how

(c)	If there are two statinis P and Q at elevations of
	200 m and 995 m, respectively. The distance of ${\cal Q}$
	from P is 105 km. If the elevation of a peak M at
	a distance of 38 km from P is 301 m, determine
	whether Q is visible from P or not. If not, what
	would be the height of scaffolding required at Q so
	that Q becomes visible from P ?

(d) What are the various correction applied in base line measurement? Explain in detail.

Unit-II

- 2. (a) Define resident error.
 - (b) Find the most probable values of the following angles closing the horizontal at a station:

$$P = 45 \ 23' \ 37'' \ \text{Weight} = 1$$
 $Q = 75 \ 37' \ 15'' \ \text{Weight} = 2$
 $R = 125 \ 21' \ 21'' \ \text{Weight} = 3$
 $S = 113 \ 37' \ 59'' \ \text{Weight} = 3$

2

(c) An angle A was measured by different persons and the following are the values:

Angle	Number of measurements
65° 30' 10"	2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
65° 29′ 50″	3
65° 30′ 00″	3
65° 30′ 20″	Staff at Vertical hitele
65° 30′ 10″	3

(d) Form the normal equation for x, y and z from the following equations:

Find the most probable value of the angle.

Weight				
3x + 3y + 2z - 4 = 0		2		
3x + 2y + 2z - 5 = 0		3 reminded y		
4x + y + 4z - 21 = 0		luguj saibili j		7

Unit-III

- 3. (a) What is objective of tacheometry?
 - (b) Derive an equation for stadia constant of a tacheometer.
 - (c) Write short notes on laser meter and range finder. 7

[4]

(d) To determine the gradient	between two points A
and B a tacheometer was s	et up at another station
and B a tacheometer was s	tolon keening
C and the following observar	tions were taken, keeping
the staff vertical.	

Staff at	Vertical angle	Stadia readings (m)
A	+ 4 20' 00"	1.300, 1.610, 1.920
A R	+ 0 10' 40"	1.100, 1.410, 1.720

If the horizontal angle ACB is 35 20'00". Determine the average gradient between A and B, k = 100, c = 0.

Unit-IV

4. (a) What do you mean by photo theodolite?
(b) Define principal point, plumb point and isocenter.

And derive relation between them.
(c) Derive a expression for scale of tileted photograph.
(d) Derive expression for relief displacement in a vertical photograph.

[5]

Unit-V

5.	(a)	What are applications of hydrographic survyeing?	2
	(b)	What are various types of gauges? Explain in detail.	7
	(c)	What are various methods of plotting sounding? Explain in detail.	7
	(d)	What are various methods of locating sounding? Explain in detail.	7

the sheet motion as well as some still region that